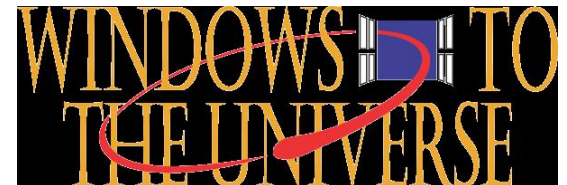


# **Harnessing the Power of Earth System Science for Developing Science Practices and Crosscutting Concepts**

Roberta Johnson, Richard Jones, Joe Monaco,  
Wendy Van Norden, Michael Passow,

National Earth Science Teachers Association, Boulder,  
CO

Fall 2014



## Today (All events in this room)

- 8:00 am – 9:00 am - How Weird Can It Get? Developing Weather and Climate Literacy
- 9:30 – 10:30 - Earth Science Rocks! Using Earth Science Activities to Engage Students as Scientists
- 12:30 pm – 1:30 pm - Harnessing the Power of Earth System Science for Developing Science Practices and Crosscutting Concepts
- 2:00 – 3:00 – Using Data in the Earth and Space Science Classroom to Engage Students as Real Scientists
- 3:30 – 4:30 - NESTA Rock and Mineral Raffle



Session evaluations are available at  
<http://www.nsta.org/conferences/evaluations>

# Overview

- NGSS Relevance
- Brief introduction to Earth System Science (ESS)
- “Black Carbon”
- “Rising Seas”
- Wrap-up



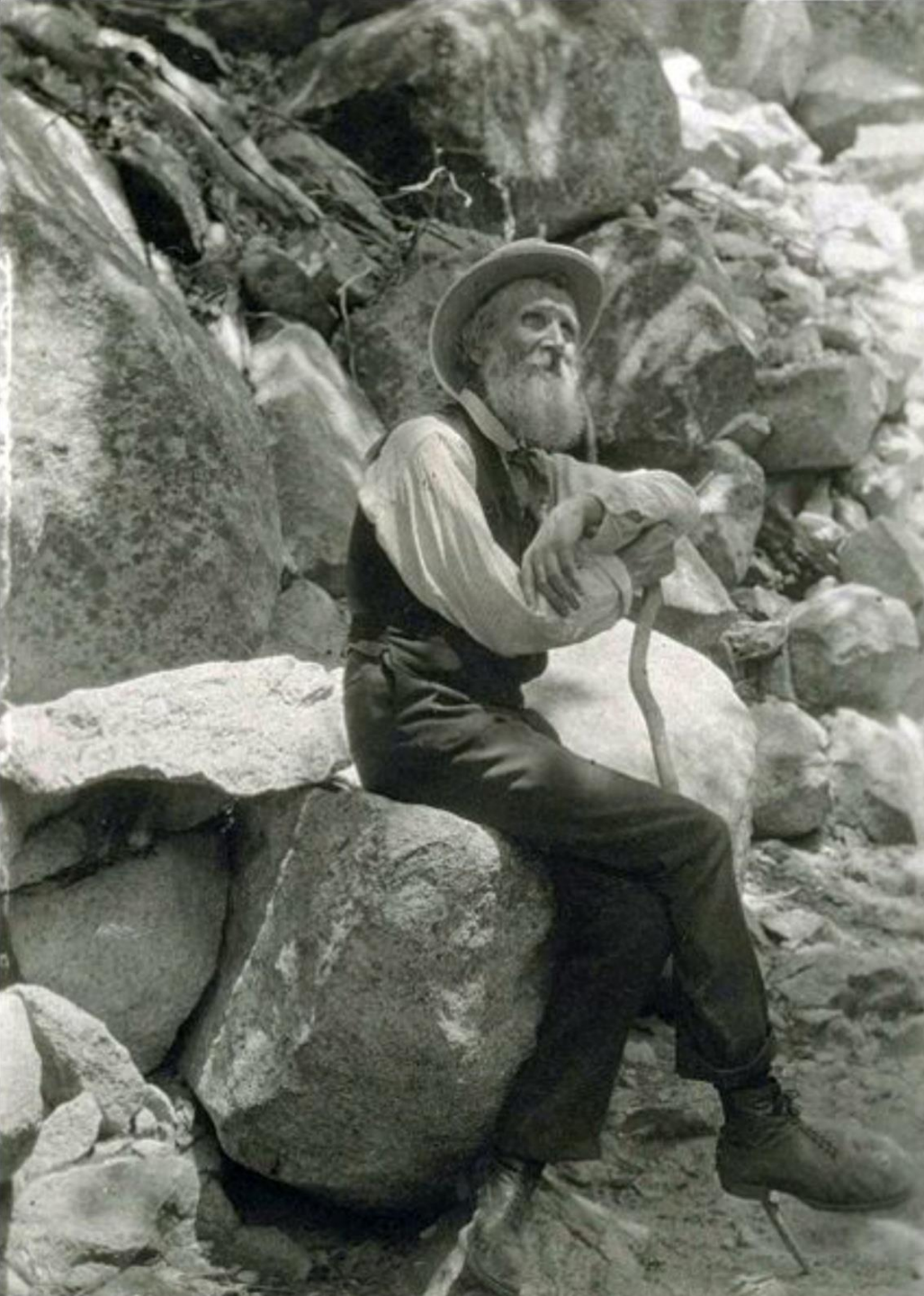
# NGSS and Earth and Space Science

- The NGSS places significant emphasis on Earth and space science from a systems perspective
  - ESS is particularly well-suited for demonstrating **cross-cutting concepts**, in addition to **science and engineering practices**
- Some associated **disciplinary core ideas**
  - MS/HS-LS2 – Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy and Dynamics
  - MS/HS-ESS2 – Earth's Systems
  - MS/HS-ESS3 – Earth and Human Activity

# Examples of NGSS Relevance

- *NGSS PE MS-ESS3.5*: Ask questions to clarify evidence of the factors that have caused the rise in global temperatures over the past century.
- *NGSS PE HS-ESS3.1*: Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the availability of natural resources, occurrence of natural hazards, and changes in climate have influenced human activity.
- *NGSS PE HS-ESS2-2*: Analyze geoscience data to make the claim that one change to Earth's surface can create feedbacks that cause changes to other Earth systems.
- Science and Engineering Practices: Analyzing and Interpreting Data; Using Mathematics and Computational Thinking; Constructing Explanations
- Crosscutting Concepts: Cause and Effect; Systems and System Models; Stability and Change





“When we try to  
pick out  
anything by  
itself, we find it  
hitched to  
everything else  
in the universe.”

John Muir

“My First Summer in the Sierra”  
1911

# What is Earth System Science?

- John Muir was right!
  - In the 1980s and 90s, geoscientists realized that studying the different parts of the Earth separately didn't work
  - you can't really understand what is going on without **looking at the whole system**
- Earth System Science focuses on interactions among the different parts of the Earth system
  - Processes and cycles
  - Events

# What is the Earth System?

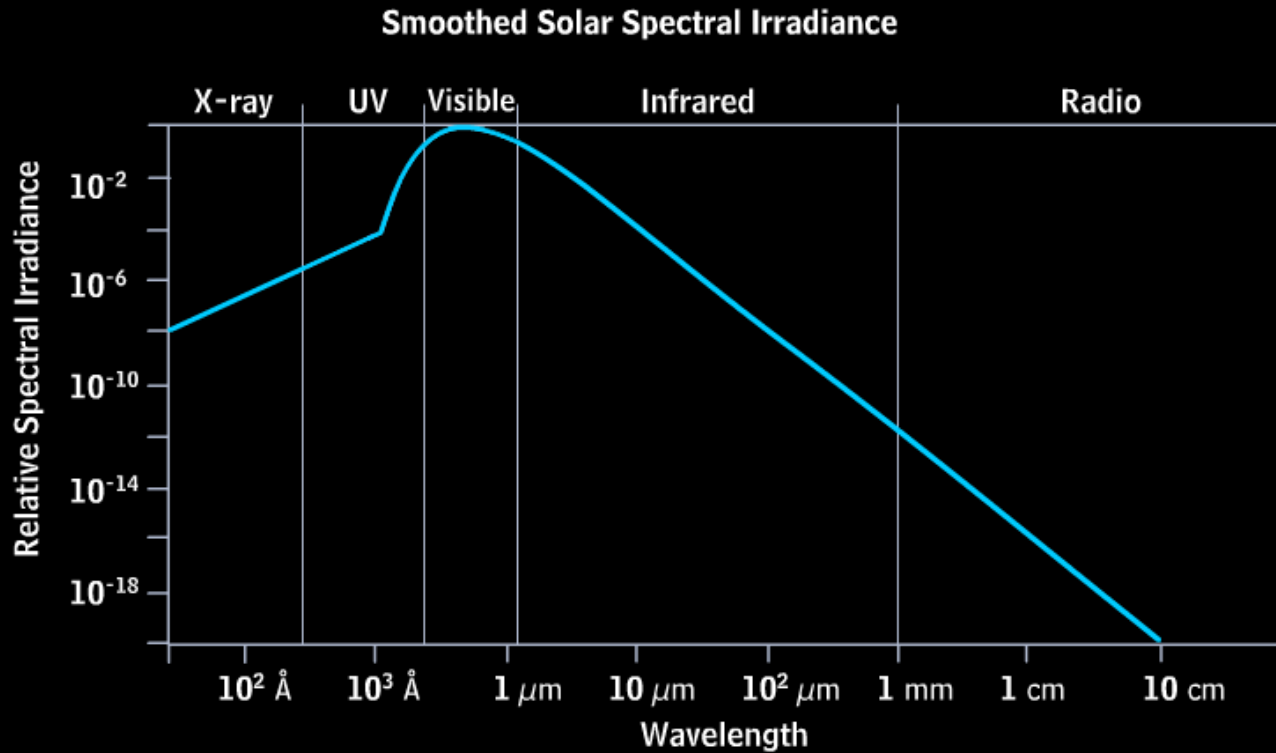


- **The atmosphere (Air)** extends up from the Earth surface for several hundred kilometers.
- **The biosphere (Life)** is all living things, from single-celled bacteria to plants and animals.
- **The geosphere (Land)** includes all minerals, rocks, molten rock, sediments, and soils
- **The hydrosphere (Water)** includes the ocean, rivers, lakes, streams, groundwater, water vapor, ice, snow, glaciers, and sea ice. (“**cryosphere**”)



It all  
starts at  
the Sun!



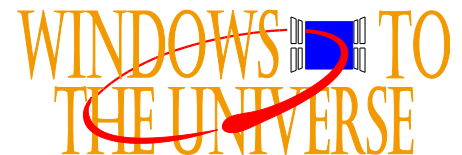
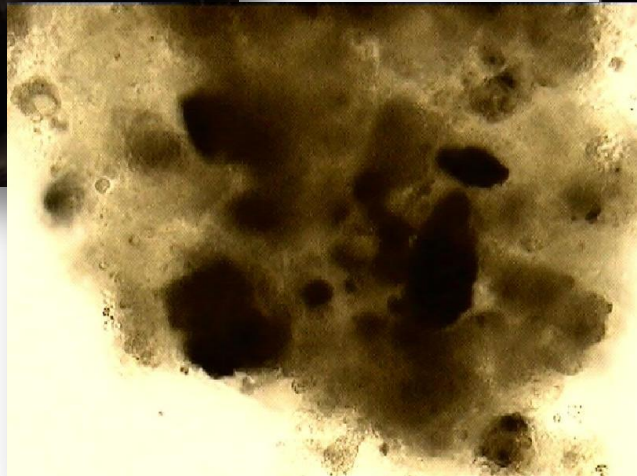


Energy from the Sun is the ultimate source of almost all energy in the Earth system!



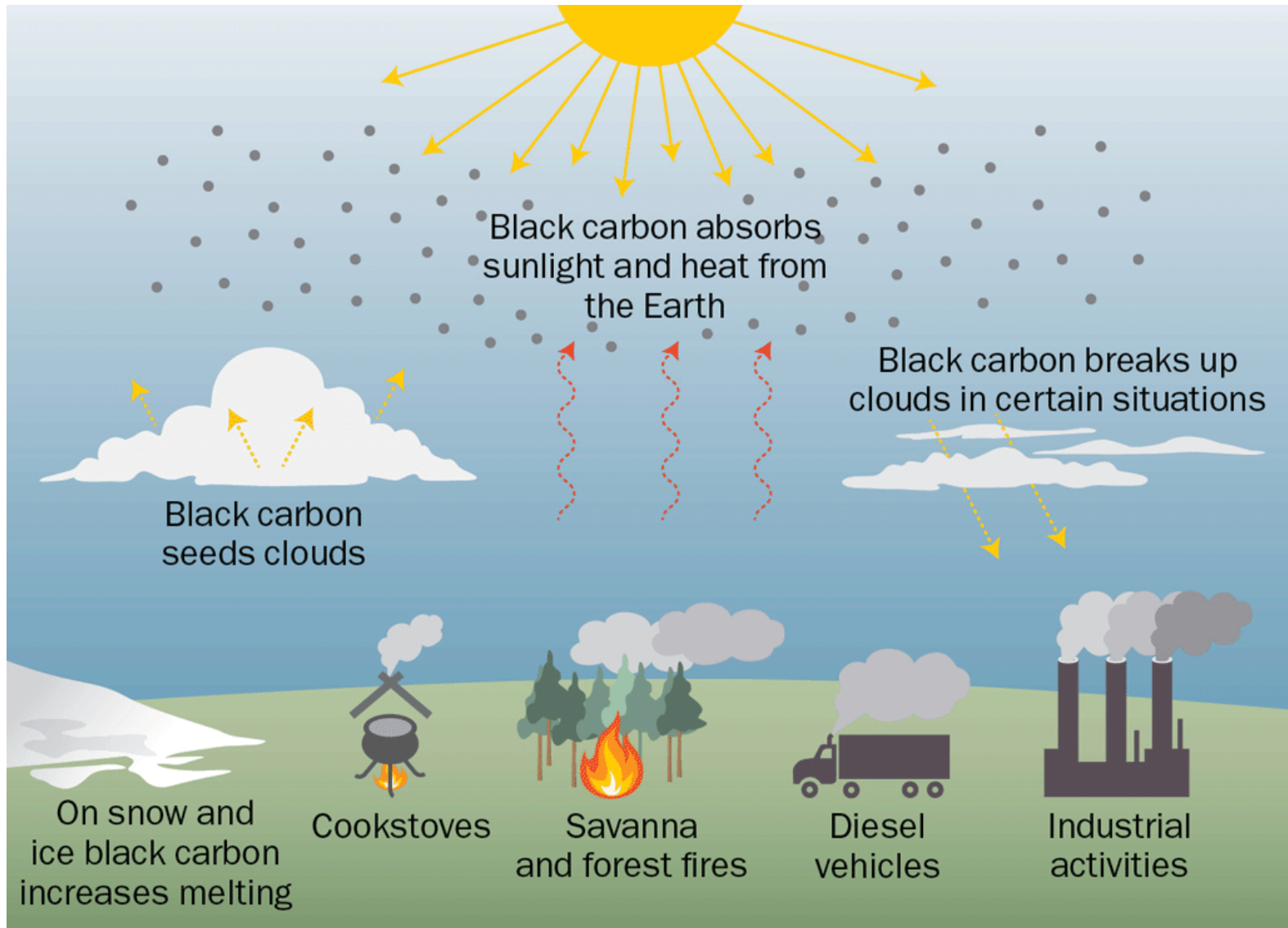
# “Black Carbon: A Dusty Situation”

**Lesson Summary:** Students investigate the climate effects of increasing amounts of black carbon on the absorption of solar radiation on the Earth's surface.



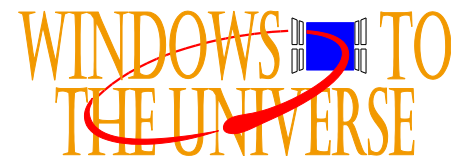
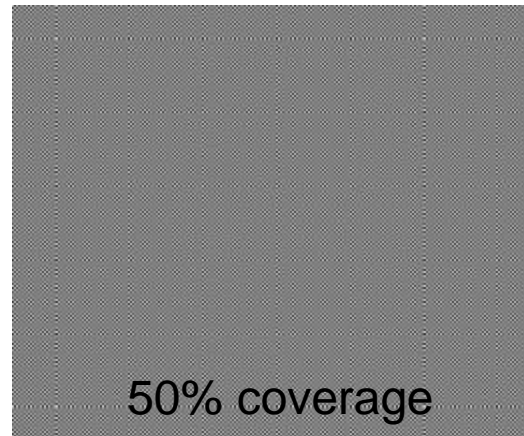


# What's Happening?



# Black Carbon: A Dusty Situation

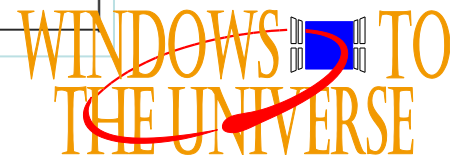
**Lab Question:** How does an increase in black carbon impact surface warming?





# Black Carbon: A Dusty Situation

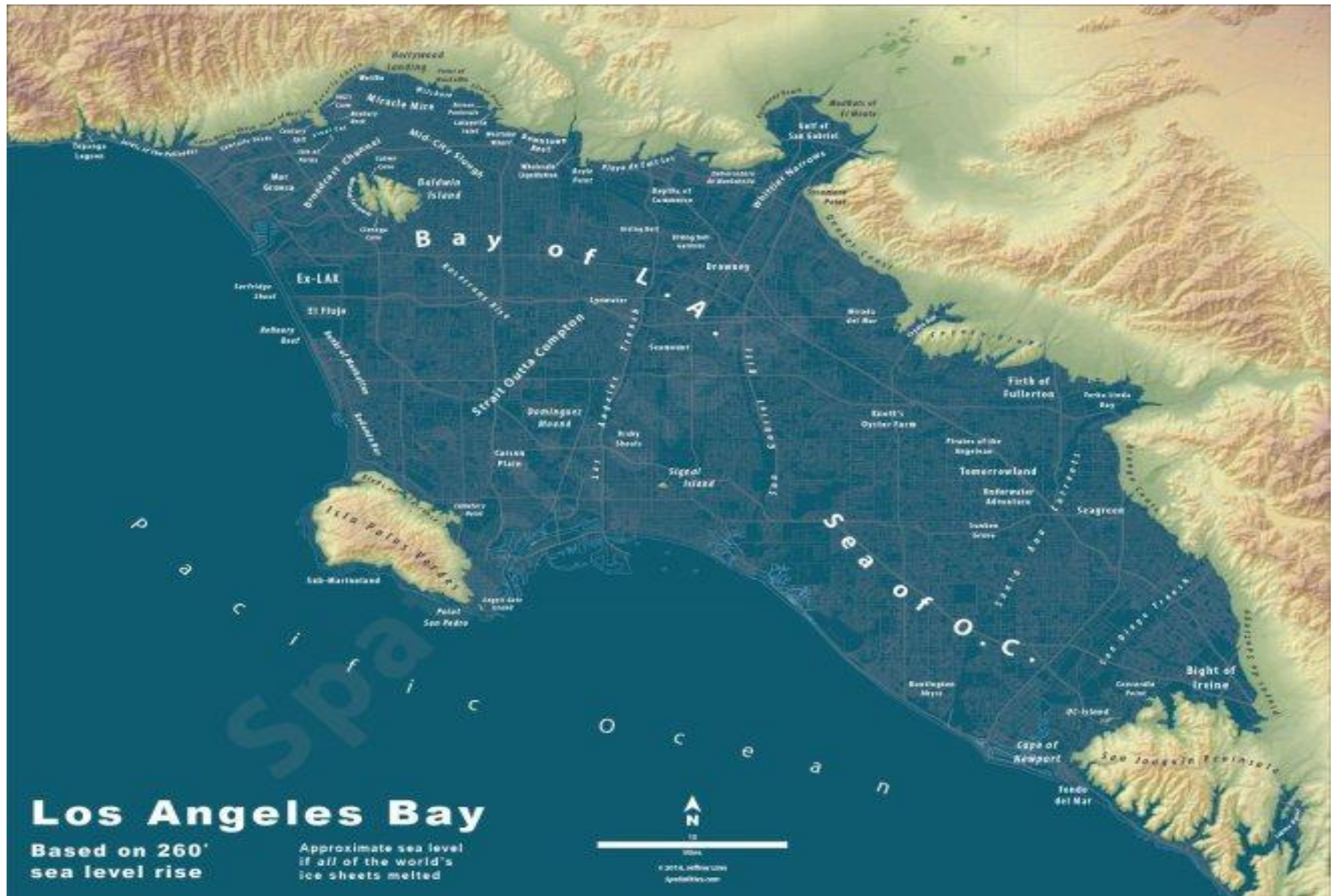
Data Table					
	Time (min)	White Paper Temp (°C)	10% Dots Paper Temp (°C)	50% Dots Paper Temp (°C)	80% Dots Paper Temp (°C)
Starting Temp	0				
Heat-Up Time	2				
	4				
	6				
	8				
	10				
	12				
	14				
	16				
	18				
	20				
Cool-Down Time	22				
	24				
	26				
	28				
	30				
	32				
	34				
	36				
	38				
	40				



# “Rising Seas” Activity

In this activity, students will:

- analyze sea level data to identify the rate of sea level rise,
- make projections of sea level rise into the future, and
- interpret the impact of projected sea level rise on communities
- *NGSS Performance Expectation HS ESS3-1 (see below) in the context of changes in sea level and impacts on populations*



<http://grist.org/cities/heres-what-your-city-will-look-like-when-the-ice-sheets-melt>





<http://grist.org/cities/heres-what-your-city-will-look-like-when-the-ice-sheets-melt/>

# Key points

- Global mean sea level (GMSL) – average global sea level corrected for vertical land motions and short and long term variability
- Tidal gauge measurements from global network
- Satellite altimetry
- Sea level is affected by several factors, including vertical land motion (subsidence, glacial rebound, tectonic motions) and change of the ocean level itself



# Short to long term variability in local sea level

- Waves, tides
- Floods
- Seasonal weather patterns
- Atmosphere-ocean oscillations (like ENSO, PDO, etc.)

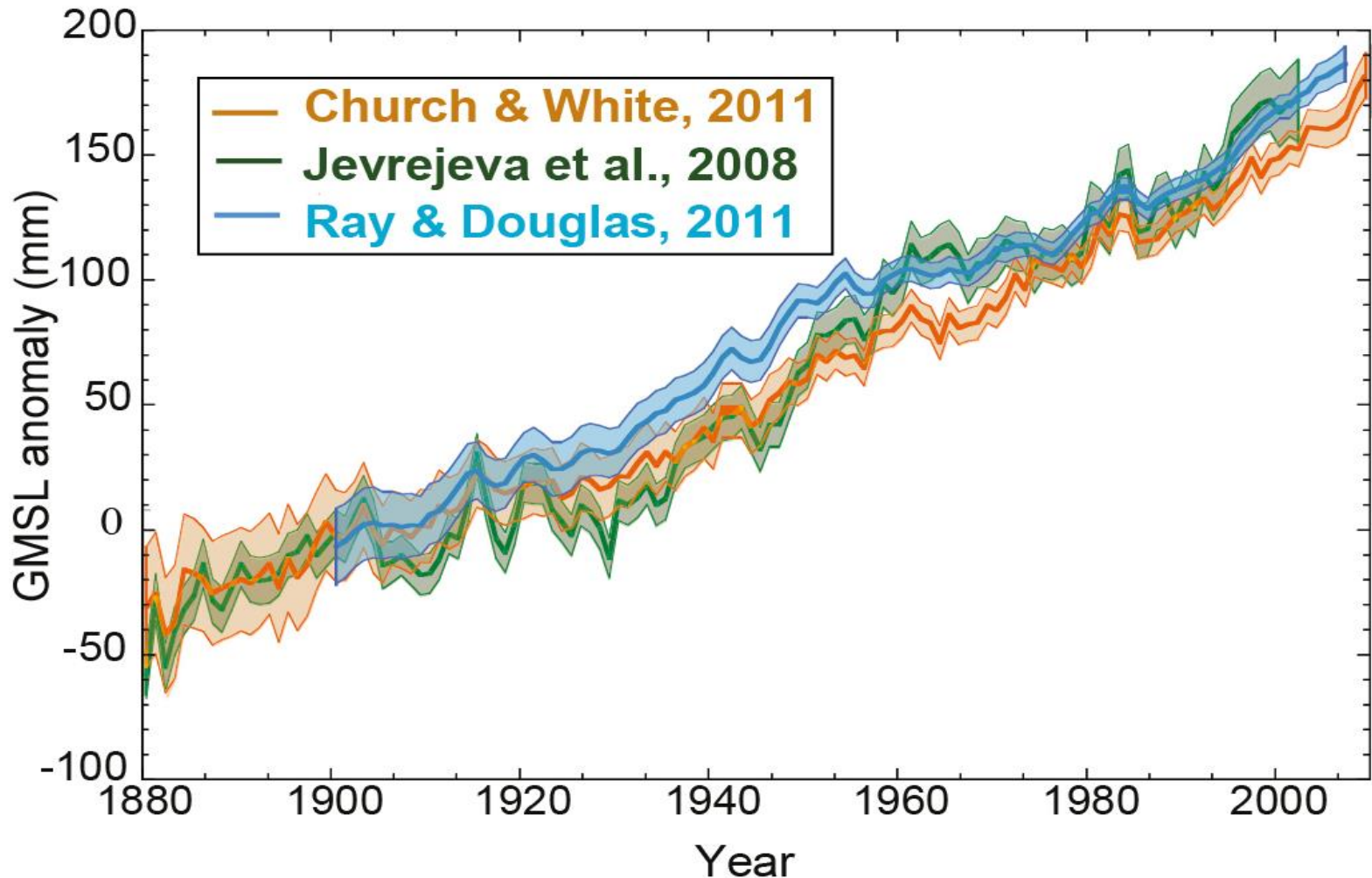
# GMSL

Affected by:

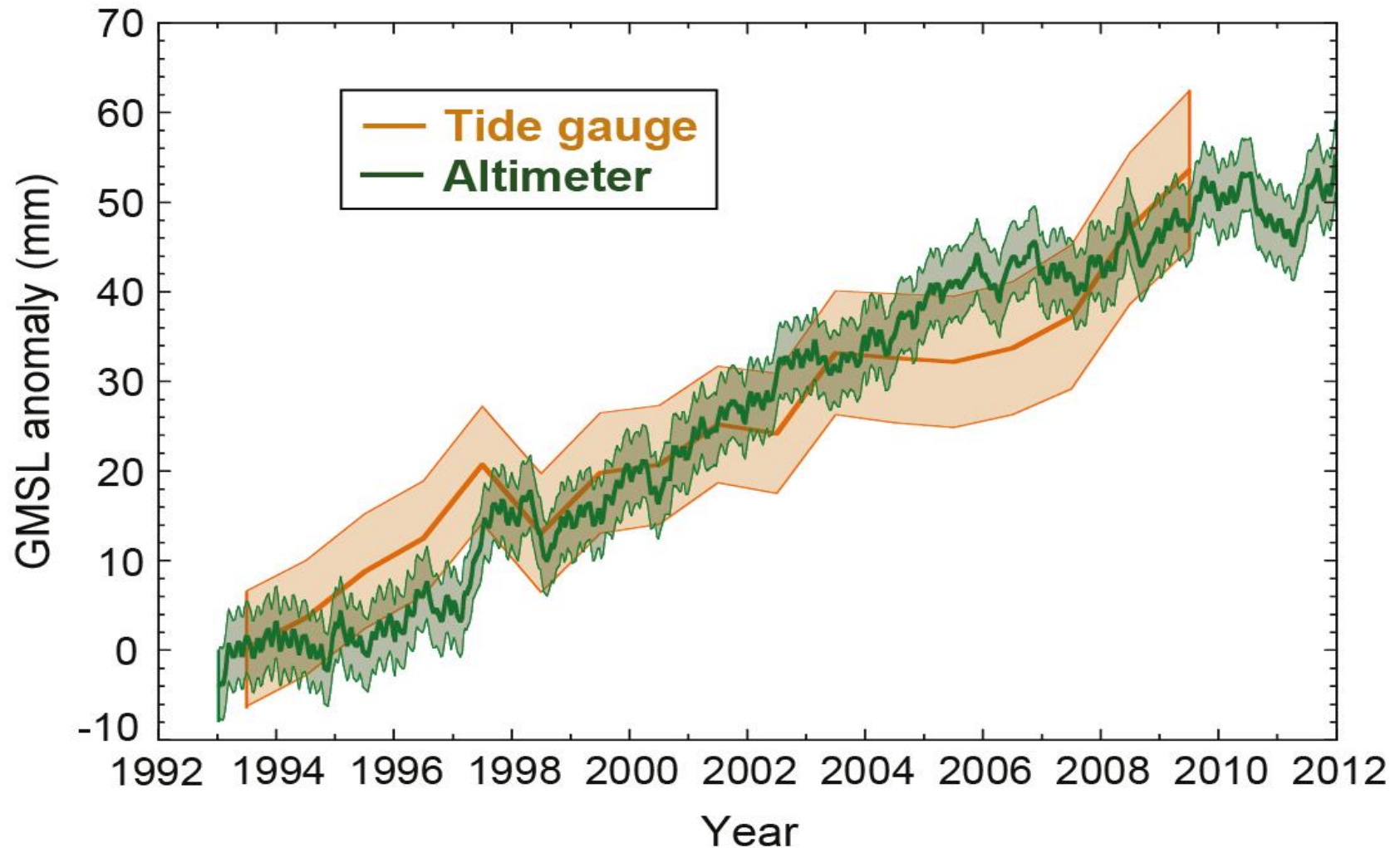
- Thermal expansion of the ocean water
- Addition of water from land based sources (glaciers, ice sheets)
  - Melting sea ice does not increase sea level

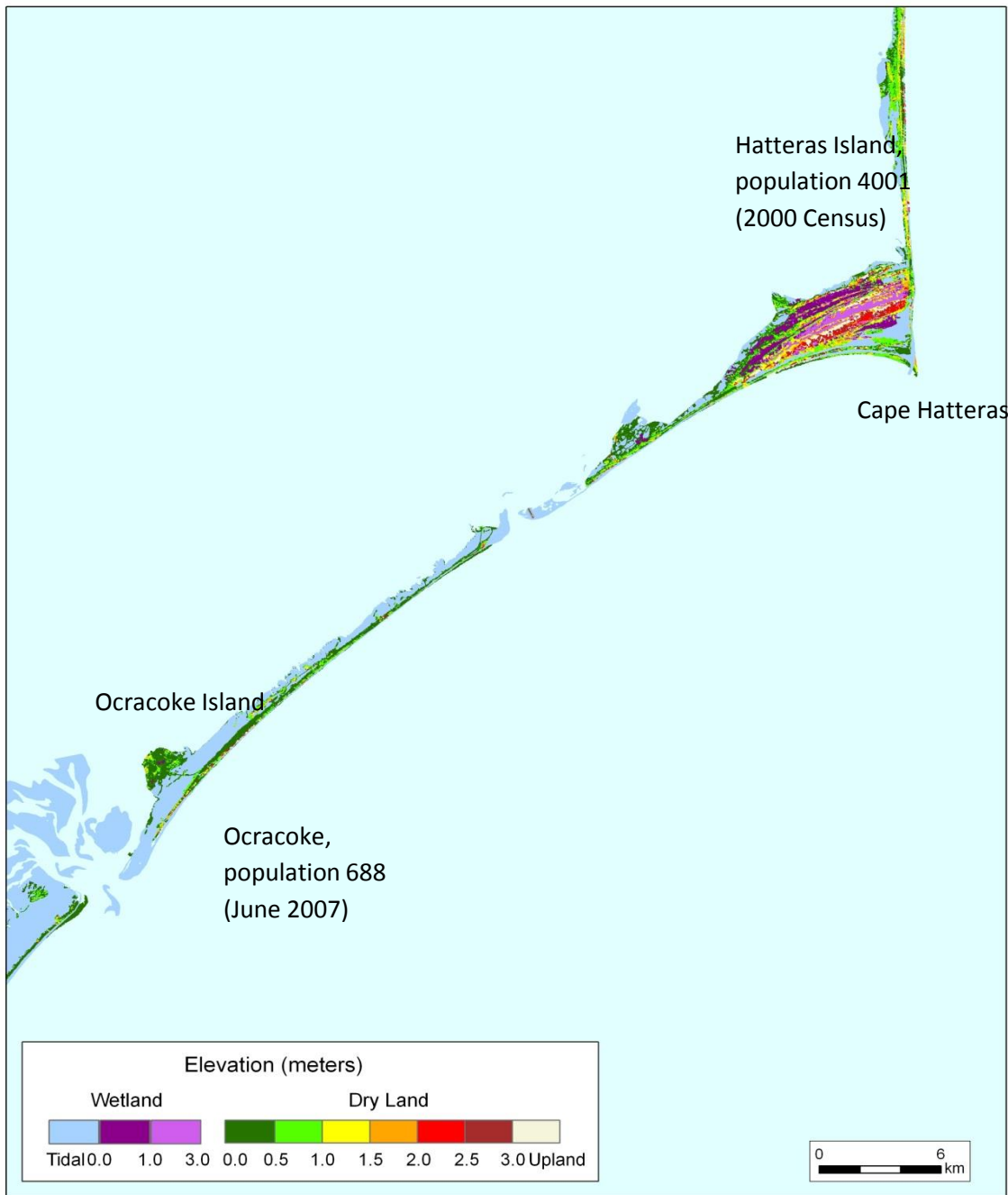
**GMSL anomaly** – the difference between the **GMSL** at a given time and a reference **GMSL** (ie, the amount of change from a reference global mean sea level)

**Figure 1 - Global mean sea level anomalies (in mm) determined from tidal gauge measurements by several authors, relative to the five-year average from 1900 - 1905.**



**Figure 2 - Global mean sea level anomaly (in mm) from 1993 - 2010 based on tidal gauge and satellite altimetry data, with seasonal variations removed and smoothed with a 60-day running mean.**





**Figure 3 -  
Elevations in  
meters of  
islands in the  
Outer Banks of  
North Carolina  
from James G.  
Titus and Jue  
Wang, 2008.**



# Results

4.  $\sim 1.7 + .1$  mm/yr from 1900 to 2000

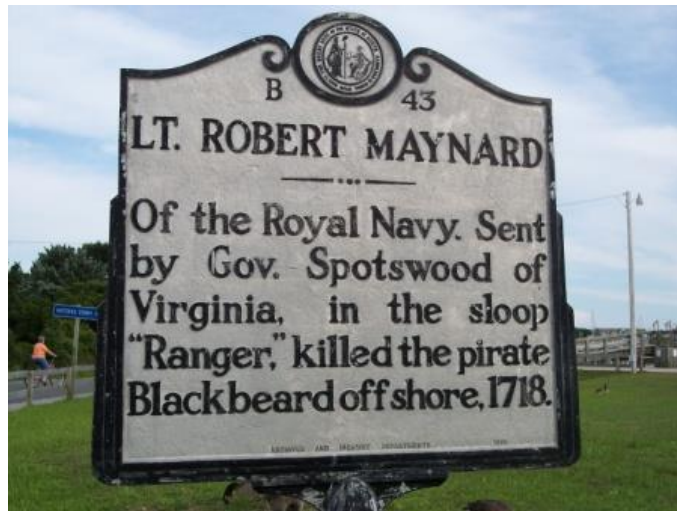
7.  $\sim 2.9 + .1$  mm/yr from 1993 to 2012

8.  $2.9 \frac{\text{mm}}{\text{yr}} \times 38 \text{ yrs} = 110.2 \text{ mm by 2050}$

255.2 mm by 2100

10. 165 mm by 2050, 310 mm by 2100

# Edward Teach, aka Blackbeard!







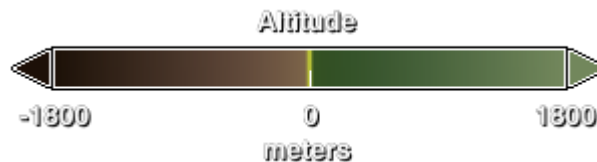
Capture of the Pirate, Blackbeard, 1718, Jean Leon Gerome Ferris, painted in 1920

# Melting Ice Sheets

- These results do not account for the possible melting of large ice sheets (Greenland, West Antarctic)
- West Antarctic – “Past the point of no return” – 1.2 – 3.6 m
- Greenland Ice Sheet – would produce ~7.2 m sea level rise

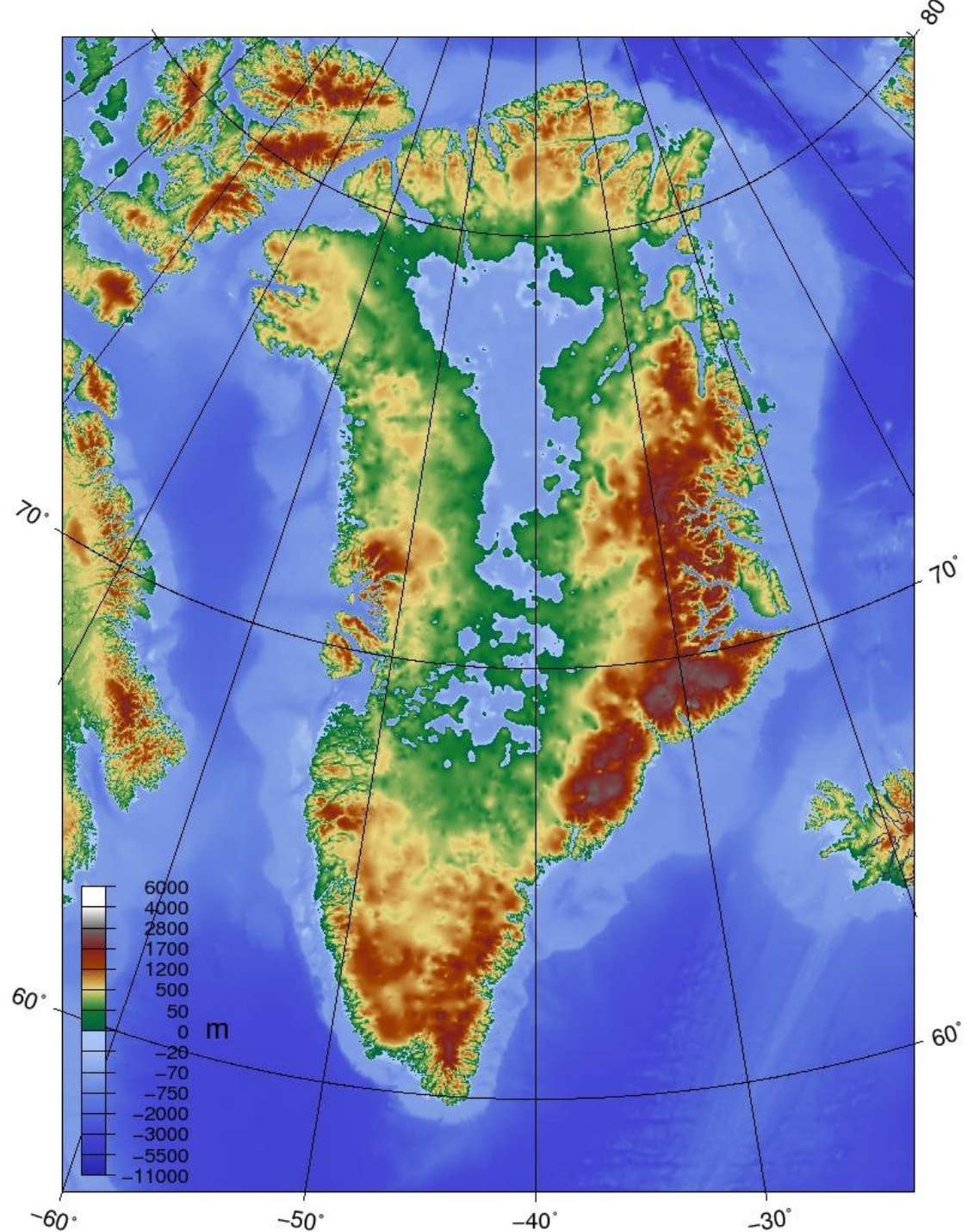


# Terrain under West Antarctic Ice Sheet – slopes downward inland





Topographic  
map of  
Greenland  
bedrock, in  
effect showing  
the topography  
without the  
extant ice  
sheet.





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## Climate and Global Change

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Warm near the equator and cold at the [poles](#), our planet is able to support a variety of living things because of its diverse [regional climates](#). The average of all these regions makes up [Earth's global climate](#). Climate has cooled and warmed throughout [Earth history](#) for various reasons. Rapid warming like we see today is unusual in the history of our planet. The scientific consensus is that [climate is warming](#) as a result of the addition of heat-trapping greenhouse gases which are increasing dramatically in the atmosphere as a result of human activities.



[Permafrost](#) is ground that is below the freezing point of water (0°C or 32°F) for two or more years. Permafrost is found at high latitudes like the [Arctic](#) and [Antarctic](#). It is also common at high altitudes - like mountainous areas wherever the [climate](#) is cold. Permafrost has been thawing relatively quickly in recent years. Scientists have found that the rate of permafrost thaw has increased because of [global warming](#).

Image courtesy of the USGS

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**Windows to the Universe is now offering on-site professional development workshops for teachers.** Find out more about this opportunity [here](#). Information about our upcoming workshops and events at the NSTA conference in Indianapolis is available under 2012 on our [Teacher Resources/Workshops page](#).



Scientists are concerned that melting Arctic sea ice will increase the amount of fresh water in the [Beaufort Gyre](#), which could spill out into the Atlantic and cause major climate shifts in North America and Western Europe. Our new lesson plan, [The Case of the Leaky Gyre](#), explores the circulation in [ocean gyres](#) and the potential [climate impacts](#). Watch the [Changing Planet: Fresh Water in the Arctic video](#).

Courtesy of Jack Cook, WHOI ([Woods Hole Oceanographic Institute](#))

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Teachers participate in hands-on activities at a workshop at the NSTA National Conference on Science Education. Click on image for full size  
Image Courtesy of UCAR's Office of Education and Outreach

the website.

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A near-Earth [asteroid](#) - named 2012 DA14 by astronomers - passed within 17,200 miles from Earth on February 15, 2013. On closest approach at about 1:25 p.m. CST on February 15, although it was within the orbit of the [Moon](#) and even geosynchronous [satellites](#), it didn't strike Earth! Find out more from [NASA](#)! Fragments of a meteorite hit Chelyabinsk, Russia on 2/15/2013 [injuring over 500](#). Learn about [meteors and meteorites](#).

NASA/JPL-CalTech

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E2C centers around "Saturday Workshops for Educators" held at Columbia's Lamont Campus in Palisades N.Y. One key feature to E2C is involvement of LDEO scientists. Through workshops, web site postings, and e-mail allow teachers and students access to cutting-edge research which can be used to develop learning activities directly linked to problems, and provide scientists with an effective format to disseminate their discoveries more broadly. Since 1996, we have provided more than 120 Workshops featuring scientists.

### 2014 - 2015 Earth2Class Workshops



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10/12/2014 - 8:00am

[STANYS Earth Science Breakfast](#)

11/04/2014 - 7:00am

[Harnessing the Power of Earth System Science for Developing Science Practices and Crosscutting Concepts](#)

10/17/2014 - 9:30am

[Harnessing the Power of Earth System Science for Developing Science Practices and Crosscutting Concepts](#)

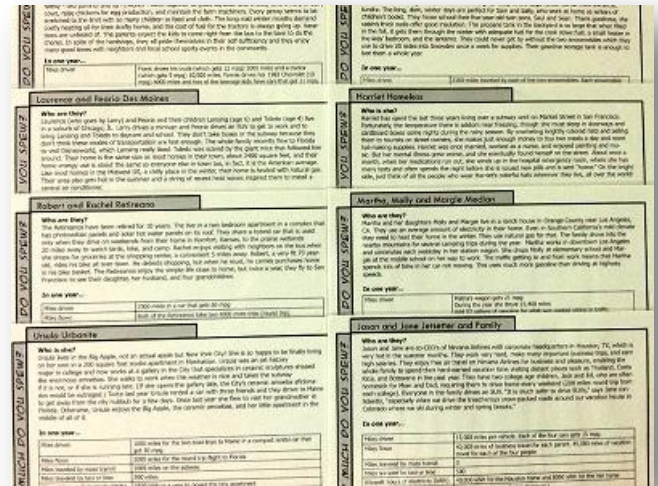
11/07/2014 - 8:00am

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Liverpool, NY 13089-2194



I Dig  
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Science . . . Education for the Future National Earth Science Teachers Association, P.O. Box 2194, Liverpool, NY 13089-2194



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Earth Science...Education for the Future

National Earth Science Teachers Association  
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## Today (All events in this room)

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**Please join  
us at the**



**Rock and Mineral Raffle, 3:30 – 4:30 pm**

**This room**

**Rocks & Mineral  
Fossils & Sand  
Kits, and many  
other goodies!**

